GBCS Scheme

USN 15MAT31

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2016/Jan.2017 Engineering Mathematics – III

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module.

Module-1

1 a. Expand $f(x) = x - x^2$ as a Fourier series in the interval $(-\pi, \pi)$. (08 Marks)

b. Obtain the half-range cosine series for the function f(x) = x (l - x) in the interval $0 \le x \le l$.

(08 Marks)

OR

2 a. Obtain the Fourier series of $f(x) = \frac{\pi - x}{2}$ in $0 < x < 2\pi$. Hence deduce that

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots$$
 (06 Marks)

b. Find the half-range sine series for the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4} - x & \text{in } 0 < x < 1/2 \\ x - \frac{3}{4} & \text{in } 1/2 < x < 1 \end{cases}$$
 (05 Marks)

c. Compute the constant term and the coefficient of the 1st sine and cosine terms in the Fourier series of y as given in the following table:

(05 Marks)

Module-2

3 a. If $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - x^2; & |x| < 1 \\ 0; & |x| \ge 1 \end{cases}$. Find the Fourier transform of f(x) and hence find the value of

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^3} dx . \tag{06 Marks}$$

b. Find the Fourier sine and cosine transform of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 < x < 2 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$
 (05 Marks)

c. Solve using Z-transform $y_{n+2} - 4y_n = 0$ given that $y_0 = 0$, $y_1 = 2$. (05 Marks)

OR

4 a. Obtain the inverse Fourier sine transform of $F_s(\alpha) = \frac{e^{-a\alpha}}{\alpha}$, a > 0. (06 Marks)

b. Find the Z-transform of
$$2n + \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) + 1$$
. (05 Marks)

c. If
$$U(z) = \frac{z}{z^2 + 7z + 10}$$
, find the inverse Z-transform. (05 Marks)

<u> Module-3</u>

5 a. Obtain the coefficient of correlation for the following data:

x:	10	14	18	22	26	30
y:	18	12	24	6	30	36

(06 Marks)

b. By the method of least square find the straight line that best fits the following data:

x:	1	2	3	4	5
y:	14	27	40	55	68

(05 Marks)

c. Use Newton-Raphson method to find a root of the equation tanx - x = 0 near x = 4.5. Carry out two iterations. (05 Marks)

OR

6 a. Find the regression line of y on x for the following data:

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x :	1	3	4	6	8	9	11	14
y:	1	2	4	4	5	7	8	9

Estimate the value of y when x = 10.

(06 Marks)

b. Fit a second degree parabola to the following data:

X	0	1	2	3	4
у	1	1.8	1.3	2.5	6.3

(05 Marks)

c. Solve $xe^x - 2 = 0$ using Regula – Falsi method.

(05 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. From the data given in the following table. Find the number of students who obtained less than 70 marks.

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Marks:	0-19	20-39	40-59	60-79	80-99
Number of students:	41	62	65	50	17

(06 Marks)

b. Find the equation of the polynomial which passes through the points (4, -43), (7, 83). (9, 327) and (12, 1053). Using Newton's divided difference interpolation. (05 Marks)

c. Compute the value of $\int_{0.2}^{1.4} (\sin x - \log x + e^x) dx$ using Simpson's $\frac{3}{8}$ rule taking six parts.

(05 Marks)

OR

8 a. Using Newton's backward interpolation formula find the interpolating polynomial for the function given by the following table:

x:	10 11		12	13	
f (x):	22	24	28	34	

Hence fine f(12.5).

(06 Marks)

b. The following table gives the premium payable at ages in years completed. Interpolate the premium payable at age 35 completed. Using Lagrange's formula.

Age completed:	25	30	40	60
Premium in Rs. :	50	55	70	95

(05 Marks)

c. Evaluate $\int_{4}^{32} \log_e x \, dx$ taking 6 equal strips by applying Waddles rule.

(05 Marks)

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- a. Verify Green's theorem for $\oint (xy + y^2)dx + x^2dy$ where c is the closed curve of the region bounded by y = x and y = xz(06 Marks)
 - b. Verify Stoke's theorem for $\vec{F} = (x^2 + y^2)i 2xyj$ taken round the rectangle bounded by the lines $x = \pm a$, y = 0 and y = b. (05 Marks)
 - c. A heavy cable hangs freely under gravity between two fixed points. Show that the shape of (05 Marks) the cable is a catenary.

- Use divergence theorem to evaluate $\iint \vec{F} \hat{n}$ ds over the entire surface of the region above XoY plane bounded by the cone $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$, the plane z = 4 where $\vec{F} = 4xz^1\hat{i} + xyz^2\hat{j} + 3z\hat{k}$.
 - Find the extremal of the functional $\int_{x_1}^{x_2} [(y^1)^2 y^2 + 2y \sec x] dx$. (05 Marks)
 - Prove that the shortest distance between two points in a plane is along the straight line (05 Marks) joining them.